

LBI

Management Accounts 1 January to 31 March 2021

LBI ehf
Ármúli 21
108 Reykjavík
Reg. No. 540291-2259

Table of contents

Table of contents	2
Endorsement by the Board of Directors and the CEO	3
Income Statement for the period 1 January to 31 March 2021	5
Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2021	6
Statement of Cash Flows for the period 1 January to 31 March 2021	7
General information	8
1. Reporting entity	8
2. Basis of preparation	8
3. Currency exchange rates	10
Notes to the Income Statement	11
4. Interest, dividend and fee income	11
5. Net change in value	11
6. Salaries and related expenses	11
7. General and administrative expenses	12
Notes to the Balance Sheet	12
8. Cash	12
9. Restricted cash	12
10. Loans to customers	12
11. Claims on bankrupt estates and other assets	13
Liabilities	14
12. Convertible Notes	14
13. Taxes	15
Equity	15
14. Changes in Equity	16
Information relating to claims not reflected in the Balance Sheet	16
15. Litigation against third parties	16
16. Stability Contribution	17
17. Events after the Balance Sheet Date	18
Other Information	19
18. Assets specified by currencies	19
19. Drivers of change for the period 01/01/2021-31/03/2021	20
20. Assets, classification and measurement	21
21. Actual cash flow versus previously expected cash flow	21
22. Asset monetisation plan for the next 12 months	21

Endorsement by the Board of Directors and the CEO

LBI ehf. (hereafter "LBI" or the "Company") is a private limited liability company incorporated and domiciled in Iceland. The Company's registered office is at Ármúli 21, 108 Reykjavík.

LBI's main activity is the management and controlled monetisation of its asset portfolio, which includes, among other things, cash, loans, equity instruments, claims on bankrupt estates, real estate, and litigation claims against third parties.

LBI's winding-up proceedings under the Icelandic Bankruptcy Act were concluded on 25 December 2015 according to the terms of the composition agreement approved (the "Composition Agreement") following which LBI issued new shares and convertible notes (the "Convertible Notes") to its composition creditors in settlement of their claims on 23 March 2016.

During the first quarter of 2021, LBI actively managed its asset portfolio and worked to resolve disputed and contingent claims.

Net cash inflow from assets during the period amounted to EUR 0.1 million.

As of 31 March 2021, the Company's total assets amounted to EUR 113.7 million and total liabilities amounted to EUR 113.7 million. The profit for the period amounted to nil after adjusting the value of the Convertible Notes by EUR 1.6 million so as to equal the estimated net realisable value of the Company's assets.

On 31 March 2021, 567 shareholders were registered in the Company's share registry.

LBI's holding of financial and other assets gives rise to various risks. The Company proactively manages risk by ensuring that an appropriate governance framework and internal controls are in place. The Convertible Notes are directly linked to the value of the Company's assets. Any changes to the valuation of the Company's assets due to market developments or perceived risk will therefore have a direct effect on the value of the Convertible Notes. A portion of LBI's assets is denominated in currencies other than the functional currency of the Company and the currency denomination of the Convertible Notes, which gives rise to foreign exchange risk. LBI does not utilise forward contracts, derivatives or other forms of financial hedging.

Reykjavík, 28 April 2021

The Board of Directors

Christian Digemose

Chairman

Kolbeinn Árnason

Richard Katz

Chief Executive Officer

Ársæll Hafsteinsson

Income Statement for the period 1 January to 31 March 2021

	Notes	2021 1/1-31/03	2020 1/10 - 31/12
Interest, dividend and fee income	4	0	12
Net change in value	5	2.930	8.614
Net exchange difference		219	(24)
Operating income		<u>3.149</u>	<u>8.601</u>
Salaries and related expenses	6	(814)	(415)
General and administrative expenses	7	(729)	(1.064)
Operating expenses		<u>(1.544)</u>	<u>(1.478)</u>
Reversal of reserves held in escrow	12	0	3
Adjustment to value of the Convertible Notes	12	(1.606)	(7.126)
Financing activities		<u>(1.606)</u>	<u>(7.123)</u>
Profit before taxes		<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
Taxes	13		
Profit for the period		<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>

Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2021

Assets	Notes	31.3.2021	31.12.2020
Cash	8	13.678	14.582
Restricted cash	9	235	224
Loans to customers	10	634	600
Claims on bankrupt estates and other assets	11	99.106	96.288
Total assets		<u>113.652</u>	<u>111.694</u>
Liabilities			
Convertible Notes	12	112.516	110.910
Other liabilities		1.136	784
Total liabilities		<u>113.652</u>	<u>111.694</u>
Equity			
Share capital		12.178	12.178
Accumulated deficit		(12.178)	(12.178)
Total equity	14	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
Total liabilities and equity		<u>113.652</u>	<u>111.694</u>

Statement of Cash Flows for the period 1 January to 31 March 2021

	2021 1/1-31/03	2020 1/10 - 31/12
Cash flows (to) from assets		
Interest received on cash	0	12
Restricted cash- net cash inflow (outflow)	0	0
Loans to customers - principal payments inflow	0	0
Loans to customers - interest/fee income	0	0
Claims on bankrupt estates and other assets	120	23
Net cash from assets	<u>120</u>	<u>34</u>
Cash flows (to) from other operating activities		
Salaries and related expenses	(656)	(354)
General and administrative expenses	(585)	(898)
Net cash (to) from other operating activities	<u>(1.241)</u>	<u>(1.251)</u>
Cash flow (to) from financing activities		
Reversal of reserves held in escrow	0	0
Redemption of Convertible Notes	0	(7.000)
Net cash (to) from financing activities	<u>0</u>	<u>(7.000)</u>
(Decrease) increase in cash	(1.121)	(8.217)
Effects of foreign exchange rate adjustments on cash	216	(11)
Cash at the beginning of the period	14.582	22.810
Cash at the end of the period	<u><u>13.678</u></u>	<u><u>14.582</u></u>

General information

1. Reporting entity

LBI ehf. is a private limited liability company incorporated and domiciled in Iceland. The Company's registered office is at Ármúli 21, 108 Reykjavík.

LBI's main activity is management and controlled monetisation of its asset portfolio which includes, among other things, cash, loans, claims on bankrupt estates, real estate and litigation claims against third parties.

2. Basis of preparation

Statement of compliance

The Management Accounts have been prepared on the basis that LBI is able to manage the realisation of its assets and transact its ongoing business with appropriate regard to the interests of all its stakeholders. Accordingly, the estimate of value attributed to each asset is dependent on the realisation strategy presently pursued for such asset. As such, asset value does not necessarily represent the price at which an orderly transaction could take place between market participants on the reporting date. Rather, such values are intended to represent the value of assets based on a longer-term estimate of recoverable value.

In these Management Accounts, interest in subsidiaries and associates are measured at fair value as the intention of the Company is to liquidate or sell subsidiaries in the short to medium term.

Going concern

The Management Accounts have been prepared on the basis that the Company will be able to effectively manage the timing of asset realisations. External events (whether political, economic, regulatory and/or legal in nature) could affect the time scale, ability and process for such realisations. Due to the nature of its operations, the Company has a finite life. The Convertible Notes will be fully converted into equity when all recoverable assets of the Company have been realised and all available cash has been applied toward the redemption of outstanding Convertible Notes. Following the full conversion of the Convertible Notes into equity, the Company will be dissolved.

Valuation methodology

The valuation methodology underlying each asset category is based on the application of the Company's present asset realisation strategy. The methodology does not represent an exhaustive attempt to take into account all factors that the Company or other market participants would consider when performing an in-depth valuation exercise. Further information regarding the valuation methodology for each asset is as follows:

Balance sheet item	Valuation methodology
Cash and restricted cash	Recognised at nominal value.
Loans to customers	Recognised at amortised cost, applying the effective interest rate method, with estimates made for impairment reflecting the creditworthiness of the borrower, underlying collateral if any and other relevant factors.

Notes

Claims on bankrupt estates and other assets	Realisable value for claims against bankrupt estates is based on best estimate of recoverability, in part reflecting information provided by the administrator of the relevant estate. Equities are valued at estimated recoveries. To the extent such assets are subject to market quotations, the Company reviews such quotations in assessing its recoveries but does not rely exclusively on such quotations. Real estate is valued at realisable value. Disputes are valued at estimated recoveries. Value derived from settlement of disputes reported off balance sheet are reported under this category. Other receivables are valued at nominal amount.
Convertible Notes	Recognised at the lesser of net asset value or nominal amount outstanding at the end of the period.
Other liabilities	Valued at nominal amount.

Functional currency

This Management Accounts are presented in EUR, which is the Company's functional currency. All amounts have been rounded to the nearest thousand, except where otherwise stated. A proportion of the Company's assets are denominated in currencies other than EUR. As a result, the estimated values presented herein may be impacted by exchange rate movements.

Uncertainties / use of estimates and judgements

The preparation of the Management Accounts requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and reported values. The estimates and underlying assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Reasonable prudence is exercised in the valuation of individual assets and foreseeable losses are taken into account. Actual results may nonetheless differ materially from these estimates and assumptions made.

The Management Accounts have been prepared on the basis that LBI is able to manage the realisation of its assets and transact its ongoing business with appropriate regard to the interests of all its stakeholders. Accordingly, the estimate of value attributed to each asset is dependent on the realisation strategy presently pursued for such asset. As such, asset value does not necessarily represent the price at which an orderly transaction could take place between market participants on the reporting date. Rather, such values are intended to represent the value of assets based on a longer-term estimate of recoverable value.

Limited active markets exist for some of the assets held by the Company. To the extent that the estimated asset values are based on inputs that are less observable or unobservable in the market, estimation of value requires a more subjective judgement. Accordingly, management has been required to apply such judgement considerably in estimating values for certain assets.

The Company holds assets for which limited, or no observable market data is available, and/or which are subject to legal disputes. The value of those assets is based on judgements regarding various factors deemed appropriate. Considerable judgement has been applied in determining and recognising the value of those assets.

The realisable value of the Company's assets may differ at various points in time, as some of the non-cash assets are complex, illiquid and non-standardised, and subject to a number of material

uncertainties, including general economic and market conditions and legal outcomes which have been and may continue to be volatile. Changes in the underlying assumptions used for measurement could materially affect these stated values.

Interest, dividend and fee income

Interest and fee income is recognised on an accrual basis except interest income on cash held at bank which is recognised from account statements.

Dividend income is recognised when the shareholder's right to receive payment has been established (provided that the economic benefits are expected to flow to the Company and the amount of income can be measured reliably).

Impairment

Assets measured at amortised cost are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. Impairment is determined by evaluating exposures on a case-by-case basis. Reasonable prudence is exercised in the valuation of individual assets and potential losses which may arise in the course of the financial year or in respect of previous financial years are taken into account. Impairment losses are recognised in the income statement when losses are either incurred or foreseeable.

Where the cost of assets has been impaired and the reasons for the impairment no longer applies, the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed. Income from assets classified off balance sheet is recognised as reversal of impairment. The amount of the reversal is recognised in the income statement.

Stability Contribution

As part of the Composition Agreement confirmed by the District Court of Reykjavik on 18 December 2015 (which became final and binding under Icelandic law on 25 December 2015), LBI made a voluntary contribution to the Icelandic State (the "Stability Contribution") and entered into an agreement with the Central Bank of Iceland ("CBI") whereby the Company undertook to transfer ISK cash balances and certain assets to the CBI (the "Assignment Agreement"). The Assignment Agreement furthermore provided for specific assets to be retained by LBI (the "Retained Assets"), subject to additional Stability Contributions (the "Additional Stability Contributions") in the future under certain circumstances.

The Retained Assets held by LBI during the reporting period comprised certain assets, rights and litigation where a realisation could result solely in ISK proceeds or combined ISK and non-ISK proceeds; and where any ISK proceeds must be transferred to the CBI as an Additional Stability Contribution if and when realised. No value is assigned to prospective ISK proceeds from these assets on LBI's Balance Sheet. Any cash received on account of a Retained Asset will be held off balance sheet until returned to CBI as Additional Stability Contribution.

3. Currency exchange rates

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recorded at the rates of exchange prevailing on the date of each transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currency are converted using the rates published by the CBI on the Balance Sheet date. Profit and loss resulting from exchange rate movements are included in profit/loss for the reporting period.

Notes

	Balance Sheet date	
	31.3.2021	31.12.2020
USD	0,8529	0,8149
GBP	1,1735	1,1118

At the end of the reporting period, the Company held assets in currencies other than EUR, GBP, USD totalling the equivalent of EUR 2.7 million (see Note 18).

Notes to the Income Statement

4. Interest, dividend and fee income

	2021	2020
	1/1 - 31/3	1/10 - 31/12
Cash and restricted cash balances	0	12
Loans to customers	0	0
Total	0	12

5. Net change in value

	2021	2020
	1/1 - 31/3	1/10 - 31/12
Claims on bankrupt estates and other assets.....	2.930	8.614
Total	2.930	8.614

Estimated recoverable value increased by net EUR 2.9 million during the quarter, primarily on account of expected recovery of Company funds in the equivalent of EUR 2.5 million held by a foreign entity which used to provide services to one of LBI's former foreign branches.

Estimated recoverable value on LBI's claim against the Landsbanki Luxembourg estate increased by EUR 0.4 million due to higher recovery expectations.

6. Salaries and related expenses

	2021	2020
	1/1 - 31/3	1/10 - 31/12
Salaries.....	687	348
Pension fund.....	83	44
Other salary related expenses.....	44	23
Total	814	415
Average number of full-time positions during the period.....	1,5	1,5
Number of full-time positions at the end of the period.....	1,5	1,5

Notes

7. General and administrative expenses

	2021 1/1 - 31/3	2020 1/10 - 31/12
External advisors.....	695	592
Premises expenses.....	8	16
Other expenses.....	26	455
Total	729	1.064

Notes to the Balance Sheet

8. Cash

	31.3.2021	31.12.2020
Cash.....	13.678	14.582
Total	13.678	14.582

9. Restricted cash

	31.3.2021	31.12.2020
Trustee Indemnity Fund.....	235	224
Total	235	224

An indemnity fund has been placed with Wilmington Trust in its capacity as trustees under the trust deed executed in relation to the issuance of the Convertible Notes (the "Trustee Indemnity Fund"). The first of four equal instalments in the amount of USD 275 thousand has been deposited into the Trustee Indemnity Fund which could total USD 1.1 million when fully funded. The Trustee Indemnity Fund will be held for the benefit of Wilmington Trust and any remaining funds released under certain conditions three months after the Convertible Notes are redeemed, cancelled or converted.

10. Loans to customers

The estimated recoverable value in the loan to customer portfolio was entirely attributable to a single unsecured loan exposure to an individual subject to bankruptcy proceedings in the UK. The Company is the largest unsecured creditor of the individual's estate but expects that a very substantial majority of the outstanding balance will ultimately be uncollectible.

11. Claims on bankrupt estates and other assets

Landsbanki Luxembourg

LBI is the sole remaining creditor of the Landsbanki Luxembourg estate, which has been subject to liquidation proceedings in Luxembourg since late 2008. Information set forth below regarding legal matters pertaining to the Landsbanki Luxembourg estate is mainly based on communications from that estate's liquidator, and not all of such information has been independently verified by LBI management.

The residual assets of the Landsbanki Luxembourg estate consist of equity release loans to individuals domiciled mainly in France and Spain. All loans are secured by first-lien mortgages on residential property owned by the respective borrowers. As a general matter, when an equity release loan was originally advanced, a portion of the proceeds was made available to the applicable borrower in cash or in the form of a repayment on an existing mortgage; other proceeds may have been invested in securities.

The French debtors have brought criminal actions against the Landsbanki Luxembourg estate and the Criminal Court in Paris has ordered a stay on the collection and enforcement of outstanding loans to borrowers domiciled in France until the legal proceedings are concluded. This action impedes the expected cash flow in the form of dividend payments from the Landsbanki Luxembourg estate to LBI and will delay collection of these loans and the liquidation process as a whole.

A ruling from the Criminal Court of First Instance in Paris was announced on 28 August 2017 where Landsbanki Luxembourg and nine former directors, executives and wealth management advisors were acquitted of all charges. On 1 September 2017, the Public Prosecutor and the borrowers in question appealed the judgement to the Paris Appeal Court.

The main hearing for the Paris Appeal Court was held during the period of May through July 2019. On 31 January 2020, the Paris Appeal largely upheld the judgement of the Criminal Court of First Instance in Paris of 28 August 2017, acquitting all the accused parties and dismissing all the borrowers' claims for damages.

In February 2020, a challenge of the Paris Appeal Court decision was submitted to the *Cour de cassation* by the French Public Prosecutor and certain individual borrowers which has given rise to subsequent and pending procedural filings in advance of a ruling from the *Cour de cassation* which is expected during the course of 2021.

Landsbanki Luxembourg is also subject civil proceedings in Spain. These proceedings, too, may impact the timing and amounts of recoveries on the portfolio.

In November 2012, several customers in France and Spain brought a criminal complaint in Luxembourg against the liquidator, alleging that the former activities of Landsbanki Luxembourg are criminal and thus that the estate's liquidator should be convicted for money laundering by trying to execute the mortgages. Other criminal complaints have been filed in Luxembourg in 2016 and 2017 based on the same grounds against the liquidator personally.

Collections on Landsbanki Luxembourg's loans may take several years due to the time requirements of criminal proceedings and enforcement procedures. Because of this, LBI's presented estimated recovery numbers are subject to great uncertainty, both in timing and amount.

Notes

During the quarter, LBI received EUR 0.1 million in distributions from the Landsbanki Luxembourg estate.

At 31 March 2021, LBI's claims against the Landsbanki Luxembourg estate amounted to EUR 338.0 million.

Other assets

As of 31 March 2021, other assets primarily consist of nostro account balances with HSBC's Milan Branch, which remain subject to resolution and collection, and a real estate property in France which the Company bought on a public auction in January 2020 to defend the interests of the Landsbanki Luxembourg estate.

The Company filed litigation against HSBC's Milan Branch in Italy in March 2017. The dispute arises from the withdrawals of funds by HSBC from bank accounts in the name of LBI at the HSBC Milan Branch. It is currently expected that the Milan Court of first instance will render its decision during the second quarter of 2021 but may be delayed due to the Covid-19 pandemic.

During the quarter, the Company recognised estimated recoverable value in the equivalent of EUR 2.5 million on funds held by a foreign entity which used to provide services to one of LBI's former foreign branches.

Liabilities

12. Convertible Notes

Pursuant to the Composition Agreement the Company issued Convertible Notes on 23 March 2016 in an aggregate nominal amount of EUR 2,041,382 thousand. The nominal amount of the Convertible Notes is specified as follows:

	Noteholders	LBI	Total
Nominal amount outstanding 1 January 2021.....	473.835	0	473.835
Convertible Notes redeemed.....	0	0	0
Convertible Notes cancelled.....	0	0	0
Nominal amount outstanding 31 March 2021.....	473.835	0	473.835

The Convertible Notes are unsecured, non-interest bearing, convertible into equity in certain circumstances and contain certain restrictions related to the Company's assets.

The final maturity of the Convertible Notes is 30 November 2035. The timing and amount of any early redemptions are determined by the realisation of the Company's assets. Under the terms of the Convertible Notes, LBI is required to make redemptions on 15 June and 15 December of each year equal to all available non-ISK cash held by the Company on such dates. Redemptions are made to the extent that its aggregate non-ISK cash balances exceed the equivalent of EUR 10 million after deduction of funds retained for budgeted operating expenses and asset support. LBI has the option of making early redemptions at any time, subject to prior notification.

The Convertible Notes are convertible into equity on the final maturity date, in part or in full, or on a conversion date as defined in their terms. The Convertible Notes will be fully converted into equity when all recoverable assets of the Company have been realised and all available non-ISK cash has

Notes

been applied toward the redemption of outstanding Convertible Notes. Following the full conversion of the Convertible Notes into equity, the Company will be dissolved.

Pursuant to LBI's Articles of Association, the Convertible Notes are contractually stapled to the Company's share capital on a pro-rata basis, which requires any transfer of the two instruments to occur simultaneously.

LBI's payment obligations under the Convertible Notes cannot exceed the net realisable value of the underlying assets of the Company, except upon acceleration following an event of default. As such, the book value of the Convertible Notes is adjusted in line with the value of the Company's assets at the end of each financial reporting period. While an increase in asset value can lead to an increase in the book value of the Convertible Notes, the book value of the Convertible Notes can never be higher than the nominal amount outstanding.

The book value of the Convertible Notes is specified as follows:

	31.3.2021	31.12.2020
Book value outstanding at the beginning of the period.....	110.910	110.787
Convertible Notes redeemed.....	0	(7.000)
Adjustment of value relating to net asset value.....	1.606	7.126
Convertible Notes cancelled by book value.....	0	(3)
Book value of the Convertible Notes at the end of the period.....	<u>112.516</u>	<u>110.910</u>

13. Taxes

Income tax

The Company is subject to general corporate income tax in Iceland at the rate of 20%. The Company has tax loss carry-forwards from previous years to offset future taxable income as set out below:

Income year	Expires	Tax loss
2011	2021	62.981
2012	2022	79.832
2013	2023	49.101
2014	2024	102.672
2015	2025	0
2016	2026	0
2017	2027	8.007
2018	2028	0
2019	2029	0
2020	2030	0
	Total	302.593

Equity

Notes

14. Changes in Equity

The Company's share capital is divided into two classes of shares, being 1,225,849,728 Class A Shares and nil Class B Shares. The rights of shareholders in each class are the same apart from the fact that shareholders holding Class B Shares do not enjoy voting rights except as set out in the Company's Articles of Association.

The share capital of the Company as of 31 March 2021 is specified as follows:

	Shares	Ratio	Amount
Total share capital at year-end	1.225.849.728	100,0%	12.258.497
Own shares at year at year-end	(8.058.812)	-0,7%	(80.588)
	<u>1.217.790.916</u>	<u>99,3%</u>	<u>12.177.909</u>

Change in equity is specified as follows:

	Share capital	Accumulated deficit	Total equity
Equity as of 1 January 2021	<u>12.178</u>	<u>(12.178)</u>	<u>0</u>
Equity as of 31 March 2021	<u>12.178</u>	<u>(12.178)</u>	<u>0</u>

Information relating to claims not reflected in the Balance Sheet

15. Litigation against third parties

LBI has initiated a number of legal cases against third parties to recover losses due to actions of LBI's former management and board of directors. These cases include suits for damages against individuals and/or LBI's insurers as well as actions against foreign financial undertakings.

Pursuant to the Assignment Agreement, all ISK recovered from Retained Assets are to be transferred to the CBI (with the exception of any legal costs awarded by the courts) while all recoveries denominated in foreign currencies accrue to LBI. LBI holds the final decision-making powers on the pursuit and settlement of cases where the potential recovery is denominated in both ISK and foreign currencies following consultation with the CBI. However, LBI may not dispose or discontinue its pursuit of any asset or claim denominated in ISK without the CBI's consent. In the case of assets where the potential recovery is only in ISK, the CBI holds final decision-making power.

Claim for Damages

In 2011 and 2012, LBI initiated three court cases before the District Court of Reykjavik (cases no. E-3826/2011, E-3827/2011, and E-991/2012) against four former employees of LBI, four former directors of the Company (case no. E-991/2012 only) and 26 insurers of directors' and officers' liability insurance policies which were purchased by LBI in 2008.

In November 2018, LBI reached a settlement agreement with 24 of the 26 insurers, which represented 47,8% of the amount underwritten under the above directors' and officers' liability insurance policies. The 24 insurers which were part of the settlement were discharged from the three ongoing court cases. The terms of the settlement are confidential.

Notes

As part of the proceedings of the case, but unrelated to the above settlement, LBI withdrew its claims against four former directors of LBI in case no. 991/2012.

All three court cases continued against four former employees of LBI and the two remaining insurers. The main hearing started on 29 October 2018 and concluded on 3 December 2018.

On 28 December 2018, the Reykjavik District Court handed down decisions in the three above referenced D&O-cases. In two of the cases, E-3826/2011 and E-991/2012, the court dismissed LBI's claims due to uncertainty around whether the loss incurred by LBI had already been compensated by a settlement of a court case that LBI had initiated against its former auditors (the "Straumur Cases").

In the third case, E-3827/2011 the Reykjavik District Court handed down a judgement by which the individual defendants, the two former CEOs and a former managing director were acquitted (the "Grettir Case"). The judgement was based on the conclusion that legitimate premises are insufficient to hold the employees liable for damages suffered by their employer. The insurers were acquitted on the grounds that the former two CEOs and a former managing director were not considered liable for LBI's losses.

Grettir Case

LBI has appealed the judgement in the Grettir Case to the Landsrettur Court of Appeal, which held a procedural hearing in June 2020. The main hearing before the Landsréttur Court of Appeal was held on 15-16 April 2021 and it can be expected that the court will render its decision before the end of Q2 2021.

New Straumur Case

The Board of LBI decided to abide by the Reykjavik District Court rulings in the Straumur Cases. However, at an extraordinary general meeting (EGM) held on 17 May 2019, LBI's shareholders decided to bring new legal action in which that part of the claims in the aforementioned cases pertaining to lending to Straumur-Burðarás Investment Bank hf. in October 2008 will be directed once more against the former CEOs of Landsbanki Íslands hf. and those insurers with whom a settlement has not already been reached (the "New Straumur Case"). As explained above, claims for the same events were previously brought in cases that were dismissed by the Reykjavik District Court at the end of 2018. The formal court proceedings in the New Straumur Case started in late May 2019 when the summons was served. The first court hearing before the Reykjavik District Court was held on 12 September 2019. The defendants have demanded that the case will be dismissed. At a procedural hearing held in June 2020, the Reykjavik District Court decided that the main hearing on the insurer's dismissal claim will be postponed until a final court decision in the Grettir Case is obtained.

16. Stability Contribution

Pursuant to its Composition Agreement and the Assignment Agreement entered into with the CBI, the Company undertook to make certain voluntary contributions to the Icelandic State in the form of Additional Stability Contributions (ISK cash proceeds from the monetisation or release of Retained Assets realised from 1 January 2016 onwards).

Any cash received on account of a Retained Asset is held off balance sheet until returned to CBI as Additional Stability Contribution.

17. Events after the Balance Sheet Date

In April 2021, an agreement was reached with foreign entity which used to provide services to one of the Company's former foreign branches whereby the equivalent of EUR 2.5 million was released to the Company.

Other Information

18. Assets specified by currencies

	31.3.2021				Total
	EUR	USD	GBP	Other	
Cash	9.608	1.145	2.707	217	13.678
Restricted cash	0	235	0	0	235
Loans to customers	0	0	634	0	634
Claims on bankrupt estates and other assets ...	96.598	0	0	2.508	99.106
Total	106.206	1.380	3.341	2.725	113.652
% of total assets	93%	1%	3%	2%	100%

	31.12.2020				Total
	EUR	USD	GBP	Other	
Cash	10.116	1.470	2.765	231	14.582
Restricted cash	0	224	0	0	224
Loans to customers	0	0	600	0	600
Claims on bankrupt estates and other assets ...	96.284	0	0	4	96.288
Total	106.400	1.694	3.365	235	111.694
% of total assets	93%	2%	3%	3%	100%

Other Information

19. Drivers of change for the period 01/01/2021-31/03/2021

Asset categories	31.12.2020	Net cash received	FX change	Value-change	Income	Operating expenses	Note Redemption	31.3.2021
Cash	14.582	120	216	0	0	(1.241)	0	13.678
Restricted cash	224	0	10	0	0	0	0	235
Loans to customers	600	0	33	0	0	0	0	634
Claims on bankrupt estates and other assets .	96.288	(120)	8	2.930	0	0	0	99.106
Total	111.694	0	268	2.930	0	(1.241)	0	113.652

Other Information

20. Assets, classification and measurement

Asset categories	31.3.2021		31.12.2020	
	Balance	Value	Balance	Value
Cash	13.678	13.678	14.582	14.582
Restricted cash	235	235	224	224
Loans to customers	51.408	634	51.043	600
Claims on bankrupt estates and other assets	348.437	99.106	346.011	96.288
Total	413.757	113.652	411.860	111.694

The balance of loans to customers as of 31 March 2021 include aggregate exposures of EUR 19.3 million for which the Company expects zero-recovery.

21. Actual cash flow versus previously expected cash flow

Asset categories	Actual cash flow	Expected Cash flow
	1/1 - 31/03 2021	1/1 - 31/03 2021
Claims on bankrupt estates and other assets	120	112
Total	120	112

Amounts by currency stated in EUR equivalent	Actual cash flow	Expected Cash flow
	1/1 - 31/03 2021	1/1 - 31/03 2021
USD	0	0
EUR	112	111
Other	8	0
Total	120	111

22. Asset monetisation plan for the next 12 months

Asset categories	2021			2022
	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1
Loans to customers	317	0	317	0
Claims on bankrupt estates and other assets	2.505	0	0	0
Total	2.822	0	317	0

Amounts by currency stated in EUR equivalent	2021			2022
	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1
GBP	317	0	317	0
Other	2.505	0	0	0
Total	2.822	0	317	0